

FINAL OUTCOME STILL IN DOUBT

Revolution in Constantinople.

NEW GOVERNMENT HOPES FOR PEACE

Young Turks Determined to Fight, However, Rather Than Yield Up Their Holy City. Official Version of Nazim Pasha's Death Says It Was Unintentional.

NEW TURKISH CABINET.
Constantinople, January 24.—The new Turkish Cabinet is constituted as follows:
Grand Vizier and Minister of War, Mahmoud Shekfat Pasha.
President of Council of State, Said Halim.
Interior, Hadji Adil.
Foreign Affairs (temporary), Mukhtar Bey.
Marine, Tschurukula Mahmoud.
Justice, Ibrahim Pasha.
Finance, Hifiat Bey.
Public Works, Bataria Effendi.
Pious Foundations, Halil Pasha.
Agriculture, Djelal Effendi.
Posts, Oskan Bey.
Public Instruction, Shukri Pasha.

London, January 24.—Some day

tion from the revolution in Constantinople becomes clear. As far as may be judged, there is no intention on the part of the Government to give up the right to force matters or to resume hostilities if any reasonable compromise with the Balkan allies is possible.

A dispatch from Constantinople tonight to the Council of Ministers set-to-day to discuss the reply it will make to the note of the powers, and it is believed this reply, while insisting on the retention of the Government's position, will refer to Thursday's demonstration as a real manifestation of the national will.

All Decline Piece.

The new government is finding difficulty in filling the post of Foreign Minister. The post is held by a Turkish official of the Turkish ambassador abroad, but thus far all have declined. Until the ministry is completed by the appointment of a Sheikh-ul-Islam, the Government will be so weak that it is probable that no definite steps will be taken. Developments in the situation

The Balkan delegates to the peace conference in London show no desire to participate in this section. They have accepted the advice of the ambassadors of the powers to await the reply of the new Turkish government to the ambassadors' note regarding the future procedure as to their future procedure.

Opinion among the delegates is greatly divided. Some maintain it is useless to wait longer in view of developments at Constantinople, which are considered to be favorable to the Turkish military intends to take. Others take the view that it is impossible for Enver Bay to be taken seriously.

Young Turks, who lost power owing to the absolute unpreparedness of the country under their regime in the event of a revolution, were unable to secure the support of a majority of the people, as the same unpreparedness for which they were responsible has been further demonstrated to exist in the war with the Balkan allies.

Think It Pity to Wait.

Naturally the Young Turks, some of whom, it is said, have worked very hard to regain power. Their activities have been especially marked in the army, but it is not believed the bulk of the army is ready to support the revolution. It is therefore not impossible that a counter-revolution will undo whatever was achieved by the Young Turks Thursday. Those of the delegates who do not believe in the success of the revolution may consider it a pity to let the present opportunity pass without giving Turkey a blow, taking

by reason of the revolution in Constantinople.

end, if possible, to wait for Turkey's reply to the powers, and if it is unsatisfactory, to present an ultimatum to the Turkish delegates demanding a cessation of hostilities and the evacuation of the garrisons and islands of Adrianople and the Aegean Islands. Failing to obtain satisfaction the armistice will then be denounced and hostilities resumed. The Turkish delegation at Constantinople is a shadowy body, and will probably take a hostile attitude from Constantinople. It finds itself in an embarrassing position, as Rechad Pasha and Selih Bey are old Turks, and Osman Naimi Pasha, who is the only one with a knowledge of English, is an Arab. Osman Naimi, who also is ambassador to Germany, says he hopes Germany will not abandon Turkey to the mercy of the powers at this time as the new

Hew Nazim Pasha Was Killed.

When the demonstrators, at 3:30 p.m., headed by Enver Bey, one of the leaders of the Young Turk party, attempted to enter the council chamber, they were stopped by Husein Bey, addressed as the Grand Vizier, who was armed with his revolver, fired a shot which was missed.

Pasha also fired at the crowd, his bullet striking Mehmed Nedjif, one

Nazim Pasha, who was in the council chamber, heard the shots and rushed outside. Facing the demonstrators, he upbraided them, calling them ill-mannered curs. While he was speaking a bullet cut short his remarks and he fell dead. A secret police agent and an aide-de-camp of the Shukri-ul-Jadeed, one of the Mohammedia clergy, also were killed.

Death Unintentional.

The leading Unionists of Constantinople declare the shooting of Nazim was unpremeditated and much regretted.

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